

Transportation management with sap embedded and s Document

Transportation Management with SAP Embedded and S

In today's fast-paced global economy, efficient transportation management has become a critical component of supply chain success. Companies seek solutions that not only streamline their logistics operations but also integrate seamlessly with existing enterprise systems. **Transportation management with SAP embedded and S** addresses these needs by providing a comprehensive, integrated platform that enhances visibility, improves planning, and optimizes execution across the entire transportation lifecycle. Leveraging SAP's advanced tools, organizations can reduce costs, increase service levels, and gain a competitive edge in their respective markets.

Understanding SAP Embedded Transportation Management

What is SAP Embedded Transportation Management?

SAP Embedded Transportation Management (SAP E-TM) is an integrated component within SAP S/4HANA that enables organizations to manage their transportation processes directly within their core ERP environment. Unlike standalone TMS solutions, SAP E-TM is embedded, offering real-time data access, streamlined workflows, and simplified data consistency across enterprise functions.

Key features include:

- Deep integration with SAP S/4HANA modules such as Sales and Distribution (SD), Materials Management (MM), and Warehouse Management (WM)
- Real-time analytics for enhanced decision-making
- Automated planning and optimization capabilities
- Unified user interface for end-to-end transportation processes

Advantages of Embedded TMS in SAP S/4HANA

Embedded transportation management offers several benefits:

- **Streamlined Processes:** Integration reduces data silos and manual intervention.

- **Enhanced Data Accuracy:** Single source of truth minimizes errors and redundancies.
- **Faster Decision-Making:** Real-time insights facilitate proactive management.
- **Reduced Total Cost of Ownership:** Lower IT costs due to fewer systems and simpler maintenance.
- **Improved Customer Service:** Timely and transparent transportation information enhances customer satisfaction.

Core Functionalities of SAP Embedded Transportation Management

Transportation Planning and Optimization

Effective transportation planning is vital for minimizing costs and ensuring timely delivery. SAP E-TM offers advanced planning tools that support both strategic and operational decisions.

Features include:

- Automated route optimization based on constraints such as delivery windows, vehicle capacity, and regulatory requirements
- Scenario analysis for what-if planning
- Integration with demand and supply planning modules
- Collaboration tools for carriers and shippers

Transportation Execution and Shipment Management

Once planning is complete, execution involves coordinating shipments, tracking progress, and managing exceptions.

Key capabilities:

- Real-time shipment tracking and status updates
- Carrier collaboration portals for document exchange and communication
- Automated carrier assignment based on predefined criteria
- Handling of transportation documents such as bills of lading and delivery notes

Freight Settlement and Charge Management

Managing transportation costs is crucial for profitability.

Features include:

- Automated freight cost calculation based on negotiated rates and distance
- Integration with financial systems for invoicing and settlement
- Dispute management and audit trail functionalities

Analytics and Reporting

Data-driven insights enable continuous improvement.

Capabilities include:

- Dashboards for KPIs such as on-time delivery, transportation costs, and carrier performance
- Customizable reports for various stakeholders
- Predictive analytics for proactive issue resolution

Implementation Considerations for SAP Embedded TMS

Assessing Business Requirements

Before implementing SAP E-TM, organizations should evaluate:

- The complexity of their transportation network
- Existing systems and integration needs
- Key performance metrics and goals
- Stakeholder involvement and change management strategies

Technical Infrastructure and Integration

Implementing embedded transportation management requires:

- Upgraded SAP S/4HANA environment with relevant modules
- Data migration plans for existing transportation data
- Configuration of integration points with carriers, warehouses, and other logistics partners

Training and Change Management

Success depends on user adoption:

- Comprehensive training programs for logistics staff
- Documentation and support resources
- Communication plans to manage organizational change

Post-Implementation Optimization

Continuous improvement involves:

- Monitoring system performance and KPIs
- Gathering user feedback for enhancements
- Adapting processes based on evolving market conditions

Future Trends in Transportation Management with SAP

Integration of AI and Machine Learning

AI-driven algorithms are enhancing planning accuracy, predictive maintenance, and dynamic routing.

Enhanced Visibility with IoT

Using Internet of Things (IoT) devices, companies can gain real-time data from vehicles and shipments for better tracking and decision-making.

Blockchain for Secure Transactions

Blockchain technology promises increased transparency and security in documentation and settlement processes.

Cloud-Based Solutions and Mobility

Growing adoption of cloud platforms and mobile interfaces allows for greater flexibility, remote access, and real-time collaboration across supply chain partners.

Conclusion

Transportation management with SAP embedded and S offers a powerful, integrated approach to optimizing logistics operations. By embedding TMS functionalities directly into SAP S/4HANA, organizations benefit from streamlined workflows, real-time insights, and robust automation capabilities. Successful implementation requires careful planning, stakeholder engagement, and

ongoing optimization. As technology advances, leveraging AI, IoT, and blockchain will further enhance transportation management capabilities, enabling companies to stay competitive in a rapidly evolving marketplace. Embracing SAP's embedded solutions ensures that enterprises can achieve cost efficiency, improved service levels, and a resilient supply chain ready for future challenges.

Transportation Management with SAP Embedded and S: A Comprehensive Guide

In today's fast-paced global economy, efficient transportation management is vital for organizations aiming to streamline operations, reduce costs, and improve customer satisfaction. Among the suite of enterprise solutions, transportation management with SAP embedded and S has emerged as a powerful approach, integrating transportation planning directly within SAP's broader enterprise resource planning (ERP) ecosystem. This integration provides organizations with a unified platform to optimize their logistics processes, gain real-time insights, and enhance overall supply chain agility.

Understanding Transportation Management with SAP Embedded and S

What Is SAP Embedded Transportation Management?

SAP Embedded Transportation Management (SAP ETM) is a module integrated directly into SAP S/4HANA, SAP's next-generation ERP platform. Unlike standalone transportation management systems, SAP embedded solutions leverage the existing SAP infrastructure to provide seamless data flow, reduced complexity, and unified processes across the enterprise.

Key features include:

- Real-time data integration with other SAP modules (e.g., Materials Management, Sales and Distribution)
- Simplified deployment within the SAP ecosystem
- Enhanced visibility into transportation operations
- Support for both strategic and operational transportation planning

What Is SAP S/4HANA?

SAP S/4HANA is SAP's intelligent, next-generation ERP suite designed for digital transformation. It runs on the SAP HANA in-memory database, enabling real-time processing and analytics. Its modular design allows organizations to implement various functionalities, including transportation management, without needing multiple disparate systems.

SAP S/4HANA's advantages for transportation management include:

- Unified data model for end-to-end processes
- Real-time analytics and reporting
- Simplified user interface
- Flexibility to adapt to changing business needs

The Importance of Transportation Management in Supply Chains

Effective transportation management plays a crucial role in:

- Reducing transportation costs
- Improving delivery reliability
- Enhancing customer satisfaction
- Increasing supply chain visibility
- Supporting sustainability initiatives

Traditional transportation processes often involve manual coordination, siloed systems, and delayed data, leading to inefficiencies. Integrating transportation management within SAP S/4HANA addresses these challenges by providing a centralized platform that consolidates planning, execution, and monitoring.

Core Components of SAP Embedded Transportation Management

- Transportation Planning

This phase involves designing optimal routes, scheduling shipments, and allocating resources efficiently.

Features include:

- Route optimization algorithms
- Load planning and consolidation
- Carrier selection and management
- Cost estimation and scenario analysis

- Transportation Execution

Execution encompasses carrying out planned shipments, tracking goods, and managing documentation.

Key functionalities:

- Shipment creation and dispatch
- Tracking and status updates
- Freight document management
- Integration with carriers and third-party logistics providers

- Transportation Monitoring and Analytics

Real-time monitoring provides insights into shipment status, delays, and performance metrics.

Capabilities include:

- Dashboard views of transportation KPIs
- Exception management and alerts
- Performance analysis for continuous improvement

Benefits of Using SAP Embedded Transportation Management

Implementing transportation management with SAP embedded and S offers several tangible benefits:

- Streamlined Processes: Seamless integration reduces manual data entry and duplication.
- Enhanced Visibility: Real-time tracking and reporting improve decision-making.
- Cost Savings: Optimization tools help reduce transportation and freight costs.
- Agility and Flexibility: Quickly adapt to changes in demand, carrier availability, or disruptions.
- Regulatory Compliance: Maintain compliance with international trade and transportation regulations.
- Sustainability: Optimize routes and loads to reduce carbon footprint.

How to Implement Transportation Management with SAP Embedded and S

Step 1: Assess Business Needs

Identify specific transportation challenges and objectives, such as reducing costs, improving delivery times, or increasing transparency.

Step 2: Define Scope and Processes

Determine which transportation activities will be managed within SAP and how they integrate with existing processes.

Step 3: Configure SAP S/4HANA for Transportation Management

Leverage SAP's standard capabilities and customize configurations to match business requirements:

- Set up transportation lanes and routes
- Define carrier profiles and service levels
- Configure planning and execution workflows

Step 4: Data Integration and Master Data Management

Ensure accurate master data management:

- Material master data
- Customer and vendor information
- Carrier and transportation resource data

Step 5: Training and Change Management

Educate users on new processes and tools. Foster adoption through ongoing support and communication.

Step 6: Monitoring and Continuous Improvement

Use SAP's analytics tools to monitor performance, identify bottlenecks, and refine processes.

Challenges and Solutions in SAP Embedded Transportation Management

While the benefits are substantial, implementing SAP embedded solutions can present challenges:

Challenge 1: Complexity of Integration

Solution: Conduct thorough planning, engage experienced SAP consultants, and leverage standard integration frameworks.

Challenge 2: Data Accuracy

Solution: Establish robust master data governance processes to ensure data quality.

Challenge 3: Change Management

Solution: Communicate benefits clearly, provide comprehensive training, and involve stakeholders early.

Challenge 4: Cost of Implementation

Solution: Develop a clear ROI plan and phase the deployment to spread costs over time.

Future Trends in Transportation Management with SAP

The landscape of transportation management is evolving rapidly. Some emerging trends include:

- AI and Machine Learning: Automating decision-making and predictive analytics.
- Internet of Things (IoT): Real-time sensor data for tracking and condition monitoring.
- Blockchain: Enhancing transparency and security in transactions.
- Sustainability Initiatives: Emphasizing green logistics and carbon footprint reduction.
- End-to-End Supply Chain Visibility: Integrating transportation with procurement, manufacturing, and distribution.

SAP's ongoing innovations aim to incorporate these trends, making transportation management more intelligent, proactive, and sustainable.

Final Thoughts

Transportation management with SAP embedded and S represents a strategic shift towards integrated, data-driven logistics operations. By embedding transportation planning and execution directly within SAP S/4HANA, organizations can achieve higher efficiency, better visibility, and greater agility in their supply chains. Successful implementation requires careful planning, data management, and change management but can deliver long-term benefits that significantly impact operational performance and customer satisfaction. As supply chains continue to grow complex and

dynamic, leveraging SAP's embedded transportation solutions positions organizations to stay competitive in a rapidly changing environment.

Question What are the key benefits of using SAP Embedded Transportation Management (TM) in logistics operations? SAP Embedded TM streamlines transportation processes, enhances visibility across the supply chain, reduces costs through optimized planning, and integrates seamlessly with other SAP modules for end-to-end logistics management. How does SAP Embedded Transportation Management integrate with SAP S/4HANA? SAP Embedded TM is embedded directly within SAP S/4HANA, enabling real-time data exchange, unified master data management, and streamlined processes without the need for external systems, thus improving efficiency and decision-making. What are the main differences between SAP Embedded TM and SAP Transportation Management (TM) on SAP Cloud? SAP Embedded TM is integrated within SAP S/4HANA for on-premise deployment, offering real-time data and simplified architecture, while SAP Cloud TM is a separate cloud-based solution providing scalability, flexible deployment, and access to advanced transportation planning features. How does SAP Embedded TM support multi-modal transportation planning? SAP Embedded TM allows users to plan, optimize, and execute multi-modal transportation routes, combining different transportation modes such as road, rail, air, and sea, ensuring cost efficiency and compliance while providing comprehensive visibility. What role does SAP Embedded TM play in freight cost management? SAP Embedded TM provides tools for freight cost calculation, billing, and analysis, enabling companies to monitor and control transportation expenses effectively while supporting negotiations and vendor management. What are the implementation considerations for deploying SAP Embedded Transportation Management? Implementation considerations include assessing existing logistics processes, ensuring master data quality, integrating with warehouse and ERP systems, customizing the solution to business needs, and providing adequate training for users to maximize value.

Related keywords: transportation management, SAP embedded, supply chain, logistics, SAP TM, transportation planning, freight management, SAP supply chain, shipment tracking, transportation analytics

BE WITH

be with is a phrase that resonates deeply across different aspects of life?whether in relationships, personal growth, or day-to-day interactions. It encapsulates the idea of presence, companionship, and emotional connection. Understanding the multifaceted meaning of "be with" can help individuals foster stronger relationships, improve their mental well-being, and cultivate a more mindful approach to life. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the various dimensions of "be with," including its significance in relationships, its role in self-awareness, and practical ways to embody this concept in

everyday life.

Understanding the Meaning of "Be With"

The phrase "be with" is versatile and context-dependent. At its core, it signifies being present, sharing experiences, and forming bonds with others or oneself. It can imply:

- Emotional connection: Being emotionally available and attentive.
- Physical presence: Spending time together in person.
- Mindfulness: Being fully present in the moment.
- Supportiveness: Offering companionship during difficult times.
- Acceptance: Embracing oneself or others without judgment.

Recognizing these facets helps to appreciate the depth and importance of "be with" in fostering meaningful relationships.

The Significance of "Be With" in Relationships

Relationships are the foundation of human experience, and "being with" someone is central to creating trust, intimacy, and mutual understanding. Whether romantic, familial, or friendship-based, the act of simply being with another person can have profound effects.

Emotional Presence and Connection

Being with someone emotionally involves more than just physical proximity. It requires active listening, empathy, and genuine interest. When you "be with" someone emotionally, you:

- Validate their feelings.
- Offer a safe space for expression.
- Demonstrate understanding and compassion.

This emotional presence strengthens bonds and fosters a sense of security.

Physical Presence and Quality Time

Spending quality time together is essential in nurturing relationships. Being with someone physically can involve:

- Sharing meals.
- Going for walks.
- Engaging in shared hobbies.
- Simply sitting in silence, appreciating each other's company.

These moments create memories and deepen connections.

The Role of "Be With" in Building Trust

Trust develops when individuals feel genuinely "with" each other. Consistency, attentiveness, and authenticity are key. When you show up for someone consistently and are present in their life, you cultivate a foundation of trust and reliability.

Practicing "Be With" in Your Daily Life

Integrating the concept of "be with" into daily routines can enhance your relationships and personal well-being. Here are practical ways to embody this idea:

Mindfulness and Presence

- Practice mindfulness meditation to increase your awareness of the present moment.
- During conversations, focus fully on the speaker without distractions.
- Limit multitasking when spending time with others.

Active Listening

- Listen attentively without planning your response.
- Nod or provide affirmations to show engagement.
- Reflect back what you've heard to ensure understanding.

Offering Support and Compassion

- Be available during others' challenging times.
- Show empathy through words and actions.
- Avoid judgment or unsolicited advice; sometimes, just being there is enough.

Self-Reflection and Self-Compassion

- Be with yourself by practicing self-awareness.
- Acknowledge your feelings without suppression.
- Engage in self-care routines that nourish your mind and body.

The Spiritual and Philosophical Aspects of "Be With"

Beyond relationships, "be with" also has spiritual and philosophical connotations. It emphasizes unity, presence, and acceptance of the flow of life.

Being Present in the Moment

Practicing presence aligns with mindfulness philosophies. It encourages individuals to:

- Let go of past regrets and future anxieties.
- Embrace the current experience fully.
- Cultivate gratitude for the present.

Acceptance and Non-Judgment

"Be with" entails accepting situations and people as they are, fostering a sense of peace and understanding.

Unity and Connection

Recognizing that we are interconnected encourages compassion and empathy, emphasizing that "being with" others is part of the human experience.

Common Challenges in Practicing "Be With"

While the concept is simple in theory, it can be challenging to embody consistently. Common obstacles include:

- Distractions and digital interruptions.
- Emotional barriers like fear, mistrust, or past hurt.
- Time constraints and busy schedules.
- Personal insecurities or self-doubt.

Overcoming these challenges requires intentional effort and practice.

Tips to Enhance Your Ability to "Be With" Others and Yourself

- Set boundaries to ensure quality interactions.
- Practice active mindfulness in daily activities.
- Engage in reflective journaling to understand your feelings.
- Prioritize quality over quantity in relationships.
- Learn to listen without judgment and offer genuine support.

Conclusion: Embracing the Power of "Be With"

"Be with" is more than just a phrase; it embodies a philosophy of presence, connection, and acceptance. Whether in nurturing intimate relationships, supporting friends and family, or fostering a healthier relationship with oneself, embodying "be with" can lead to more meaningful, fulfilling experiences. By cultivating mindfulness, compassion, and genuine engagement, you can enrich your life and the lives of those around you. Remember, at its heart, "be with" reminds us that true connection begins with being fully present—an act that has the power to transform relationships and inner peace alike.

Be With: An In-Depth Exploration of Connection, Presence, and Meaning

In an era defined by rapid technological change, social upheaval, and shifting cultural norms, the concept of "be with" has taken on profound significance. Far beyond its simple grammatical structure, "be with" encompasses themes of companionship, mindfulness, emotional intimacy, and existential presence. This long-form exploration aims to dissect the multifaceted nature of "be with", examining its psychological, philosophical, and cultural dimensions, and offering insights into how this phrase influences human experience.

Understanding the Phrase "Be With": Definitions and Variations

At its core, "be with" is a versatile phrase whose meaning shifts depending on context. It can denote:

- Presence and companionship: Being physically or emotionally alongside someone.
- Acceptance and mindfulness: Embracing the present moment or one's current state.
- Relationship commitment: The act of being in a romantic, familial, or platonic partnership.
- Alignment and harmony: Living in accordance with one's values or the natural flow of life.

These variations reveal that "be with" is less about a static state and more about a dynamic process of engagement, connection, and authentic existence.

The Psychological Dimension of "Be With"

Presence and Mindfulness

One of the most profound interpretations of "be with" is rooted in mindfulness practices. To be with oneself or others in the present moment fosters emotional resilience, reduces stress, and enhances well-being. Mindfulness-based therapies encourage individuals to be with their thoughts, feelings, and sensations without judgment, cultivating a sense of inner peace.

Key aspects include:

- Acceptance: Allowing emotions to be present without suppression or avoidance.
- Non-attachment: Recognizing transient thoughts and feelings without clinging.
- Compassion: Extending kindness inwardly and outwardly.

Research indicates that practicing "being with" one's emotions can improve mental health, bolster emotional intelligence, and deepen interpersonal relationships.

Attachment and Connection in Relationships

In romantic and platonic contexts, "be with" signifies emotional availability and genuine connection. Healthy relationships often hinge on the ability to be with another person authentically?listening, empathizing, and sharing vulnerabilities.

Studies in attachment theory reveal that individuals who are comfortable being with their partner's emotions tend to report higher relationship satisfaction. Conversely, avoidance of being with difficult feelings or conflicts can erode intimacy.

Common themes include:

- Empathy: Truly listening and understanding the other.
- Presence: Giving undivided attention.
- Mutual vulnerability: Sharing fears, hopes, and insecurities.

Philosophical and Cultural Perspectives on "Be With"

Existential Philosophy and the Art of "Being"

Existential philosophers like Jean-Paul Sartre and Martin Heidegger emphasize the importance of

authentic existence?being with oneself and the world in a genuine manner. Heidegger's concept of Dasein ("being there") underscores the necessity of authentic presence and awareness.

In this context, "be with" involves:

- Living intentionally.
- Facing mortality and the transient nature of life.
- Cultivating a sense of connectedness with existence itself.

This philosophical outlook encourages individuals to be with their authentic selves, embracing both their limitations and potentials.

Cross-Cultural Interpretations

Different cultures have unique perspectives on "be with":

- Japanese: The concept of "wa" emphasizes harmony and being with others in a way that fosters social cohesion.
- African: The idea of Ubuntu ? "I am because we are" ? highlights communal existence and interconnectedness.
- Indigenous Cultures: Often stress living in harmony with nature and the community, embodying the essence of being with the environment and others.

These cultural paradigms show that "be with" is integral to collective identity and societal functioning.

The Role of "Be With" in Modern Society

Digital Age and the Challenge of Connection

In a world saturated with social media, the act of being with has transformed dramatically. Virtual interactions can create a paradoxical sense of loneliness amid connectivity. The superficiality of online engagements can hinder genuine presence and authentic connection.

Challenges include:

- Superficial interactions: Likes and comments replacing meaningful conversations.
- Distraction: Constant notifications preventing mindfulness.

- Emotional disconnection: An inability to be with difficult feelings or conflicts.

However, the digital realm also offers opportunities for deeper being with others through virtual support groups, mindfulness apps, and online communities that encourage authentic sharing.

Therapeutic and Wellness Practices Centered on "Being With"

Contemporary therapeutic approaches increasingly emphasize "being with" as a foundational principle:

- Mindfulness-Based Stress Reduction (MBSR): Encourages participants to be with their sensations and thoughts.
- Compassion-Focused Therapy: Teaches clients to be with their emotional vulnerabilities.
- Somatic therapies: Focus on bodily awareness, fostering a sense of being with one's physical experience.

These practices aim to cultivate acceptance, resilience, and emotional depth.

Practical Applications and Exercises to Cultivate "Be With"

To integrate "be with" into daily life, consider the following exercises:

- Mindful Breathing

Focus on your breath for five minutes, observing sensations without judgment.

- Emotion Journaling

Write down feelings as they arise, allowing yourself to be with each emotion fully.

- Active Listening

When engaging with others, practice silent presence, resisting the urge to interrupt or judge.

- Nature Immersion

Spend time outdoors, consciously observing your surroundings to be with the natural world.

- Body Scan Meditation

Systematically bring awareness to different parts of your body, fostering physical and emotional presence.

Consistent practice of these exercises can deepen your capacity to be with yourself and others authentically.

Critiques and Limitations of "Be With"

While "be with" offers numerous benefits, it is not without challenges:

- Emotional Overwhelm: Fully being with difficult feelings can be distressing without adequate support.
- Cultural Variability: Not all cultures prioritize or interpret "be with" similarly, influencing its applicability.
- Misinterpretation: Overemphasis on being with can lead to avoidance of necessary action or change.

Balancing being with and proactive engagement is essential for healthy functioning.

Conclusion: Embracing the Power of "Be With"

The phrase "be with" encapsulates a profound approach to life—one rooted in presence, connection, acceptance, and authenticity. Whether viewed through psychological, philosophical, or cultural lenses, "be with" invites us to slow down, embrace the moment, and cultivate genuine relationships with ourselves, others, and the world.

In a society often driven by speed and superficiality, mastering the art of "being with" can serve as a pathway to deeper fulfillment, resilience, and meaningful existence. It challenges us to confront our inner landscapes and external realities with honesty and compassion, ultimately fostering a richer, more connected human experience.

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In embracing "be with", we open ourselves to a richer, more authentic existence?one that celebrates presence over perfection, connection over distraction, and being over doing.

QuestionAnswer What does it mean to be with someone in a relationship? Being with someone in a relationship typically means sharing a committed, mutual connection, often involving emotional intimacy, support, and companionship. How can I be with someone who lives far away? To be with someone long-distance, focus on regular communication, trust, setting shared goals, and planning visits to maintain your bond despite the physical distance. What are some ways to be with yourself and practice self-love? Being with yourself involves self-reflection, engaging in activities you enjoy, practicing mindfulness, and prioritizing your well-being to foster self-love and acceptance. How does being with family influence our mental health? Being with family provides emotional support, a sense of belonging, and stability, which can positively impact mental health, though unhealthy dynamics may have adverse effects. What does it mean to be with someone in a supportive way? Being with someone supportively involves listening, understanding their feelings, offering help when needed, and being present during both good and challenging times. How can I be with my friends more meaningfully? To be with friends meaningfully, prioritize quality time, active listening, sharing experiences, and showing genuine care and interest in their lives. What are some signs that someone truly wants to be with you? Signs include consistent communication, making time for you, showing interest in your life, supporting you, and demonstrating trust and respect in the relationship.

Related keywords: companionship, presence, together, accompany, stay, unite, connect, associate, link, join

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