

# writing the short film Complete Guide

**Writing the short film** is a creative and strategic process that requires careful planning, storytelling finesse, and an understanding of cinematic constraints. Unlike feature-length scripts, short films demand concise storytelling, compelling characters, and a strong visual narrative—all within a limited runtime. Whether you're a novice filmmaker or an experienced writer exploring short film storytelling, mastering the art of writing a short film can open doors to film festivals, online platforms, and even serve as a stepping stone for larger projects.

In this comprehensive guide, we'll explore the essential steps and tips for writing an effective short film, from initial concept to polished screenplay.

## Understanding the Purpose and Format of Short Films

### What Is a Short Film?

A short film typically runs between 1 to 20 minutes, with most falling in the 5 to 15-minute range. Their primary purpose is to tell a complete story, often focusing on a single idea, emotion, or character arc. Short films are an excellent medium for experimentation, showcasing talent, or delivering powerful messages succinctly.

### Why Write a Short Film?

- Portfolio Building: Demonstrate your storytelling skills.
- Festival Entries: Many festivals prefer or exclusively showcase shorts.
- Proof of Concept: Test ideas that could later expand into feature films.
- Creative Expression: Experiment with styles, genres, and storytelling techniques.

## Steps to Writing a Short Film

### 1. Develop a Strong Concept

Start with a clear, focused idea. Given the limited runtime, your concept must be simple yet impactful.

Tips for developing your concept:

- Identify a single core message or theme.
- Think about an emotional response you want to evoke.
- Consider unique or fresh perspectives to stand out.

## 2. Define Your Core Characters

In short films, characters are central to storytelling. Due to time constraints, characters should be simple but well-defined.

Characteristics of effective characters in short films:

- Clear goals or desires.
- Distinct personalities.
- An arc or change (optional but impactful).

Tip: Focus on one or two characters to deepen their development within the limited timeframe.

## 3. Outline the Story Arc

Unlike feature films, short films rely on a condensed story arc, often emphasizing a pivotal moment or a turning point.

Common story structures for shorts:

- The Setup, Confrontation, Resolution model.
- Vignette approach: a single moment or snapshot.
- Twist ending: surprise or revelation.

Create a simple outline:

- Introduce the situation.
- Present the conflict or obstacle.
- Show the climax or turning point.
- Conclude with resolution or reflection.

## 4. Write a Strong Script

When writing the screenplay:

- Use clear, concise language.
- Focus on visual storytelling?show, don?t tell.
- Write economical dialogue?every line should serve a purpose.
- Include scene descriptions that evoke imagery without overloading.

#### Formatting Tips:

- Use industry-standard screenplay formatting.
- Keep scene descriptions brief but vivid.
- Indicate camera angles, movements, or effects only if essential.

## 5. Revise and Refine

Revision is crucial to sharpen your story:

- Cut unnecessary scenes or dialogue.
- Clarify character motivations.
- Ensure the story flows logically within the time limit.
- Seek feedback from peers or mentors.

## Key Elements of Writing a Successful Short Film

### Strong Opening

Hook your audience from the first few seconds. Establish tone, mood, or intrigue immediately.

### Focused Narrative

Stick to one main idea or theme. Avoid subplots that can distract or dilute your story.

### Memorable Characters

Create relatable or compelling characters with clear goals.

### Visual Storytelling

Use visuals to convey emotion and plot points, reducing reliance on dialogue.

### Effective Ending

Endings should be impactful?either emotionally resonant, surprising, or thought-provoking.

## Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

- **Limited Time:** Focus on a single scene or idea to avoid overcomplicating.
- **Budget Constraints:** Write scenes that are feasible to shoot with your resources.
- **Character Development:** Use concise dialogue and visual cues to develop characters quickly.
- **Pacing:** Keep scenes tight; avoid lingering shots or unnecessary exposition.

## Tips for Effective Short Film Writing

- **Show, Don't Tell:** Use visuals and actions rather than exposition to tell your story.
- **Write Visually:** Think cinematically?imagine how each scene will look.
- **Focus on a Single Idea:** Avoid trying to cover too much; clarity is key.
- **Use a Strong Hook:** Capture attention early to keep viewers engaged.
- **End with Impact:** Aim for an ending that leaves a lasting impression or provokes thought.

## Final Tips for Aspiring Short Film Writers

- **Read and Analyze Short Films:** Watch award-winning shorts to understand storytelling techniques.
- **Write Multiple Drafts:** Don't settle on your first draft; refine your screenplay continuously.
- **Seek Feedback:** Share your script with trusted peers or mentors for constructive criticism.
- **Keep It Simple:** Remember, less is more; focus on clarity and emotional depth.
- **Plan Your Production:** Write with your shooting schedule and budget in mind.

## Conclusion

Writing the short film is both an art and a craft that challenges you to tell a compelling story within a limited timeframe. By developing a clear concept, focusing on strong characters and visuals, and adhering to a tight narrative structure, you can craft a short film script that captivates audiences and leaves a lasting impact. Remember, every great short film starts with a well-written script?so invest time, effort, and creativity into your writing process.

Embark on your short film journey with confidence, and let your storytelling shine through concise, powerful, and memorable filmmaking.

Writing the Short Film: A Comprehensive Guide to Crafting Concise, Impactful Stories

Crafting a compelling short film is both an art and a craft. Unlike feature-length projects, short films demand brevity, precision, and a sharp focus on storytelling. They challenge filmmakers to convey a complete narrative within a limited runtime—often ranging from just a few minutes to around 20 minutes—while still engaging audiences emotionally and intellectually. Whether you're an aspiring filmmaker, a student, or an independent artist, understanding the nuances of writing a short film is essential to making your vision come alive effectively. In this guide, we'll explore the key steps, tips, and strategies to help you write a powerful and well-structured short film script.

## Why Write a Short Film?

Before diving into the how-to, it's important to understand why writing a short film is a valuable endeavor:

- Creative experimentation: Short films allow you to explore new ideas, genres, and techniques without the massive time and financial commitments of a feature.
- Portfolio building: They serve as excellent calling cards to showcase your storytelling skills.
- Festival and distribution opportunities: Many festivals prioritize short films, offering exposure and networking opportunities.
- Learning experience: Writing short films sharpens your craft, especially in pacing, economy, and visual storytelling.

## Step 1: Developing a Strong Concept

Every successful short film starts with a compelling idea. Since you have limited time, your concept must be focused and impactful.

### Focus on a Single, Clear Idea

- Avoid overcomplicating your story.
- Center your narrative around one core theme or emotion.
- Think about the "elevator pitch": Can you sum up your story in one or two sentences?

## Identify Your Genre and Tone

- Will your short be comedic, dramatic, horror, sci-fi, or a hybrid?
- Tone influences dialogue, pacing, and visuals.

## Consider the Scope

- Keep the story small-scale: a character's personal dilemma, a pivotal moment, or an intriguing encounter.
- Avoid sprawling plots; instead, focus on a specific moment or realization.

## Step 2: Crafting the Core Elements

Once you have a solid concept, develop the fundamental components:

### Characters

- Aim for 1-3 main characters. Too many can dilute the story.
- Make characters memorable and relatable within moments.
- Give each character a clear goal or need that drives their actions.

### Setting

- Keep settings manageable; a single location or a few interconnected spaces work well.
- Use setting to enhance mood or symbolism.

### Conflict

- The heart of any story. It can be internal (emotional), external (situational), or both.
- Ensure the conflict is tied directly to the character's goal or theme.

## Step 3: Structuring Your Short Film

A well-structured script is essential, especially given the brevity of short films.

### The Three-Act Structure (Adapted for Shorts)

While traditional three-act structure applies, it needs to be condensed:

- Setup (Act 1): Introduce characters, setting, and the inciting incident that propels the story.
- Confrontation (Act 2): Present obstacles, deepen conflict, and develop characters.
- Resolution (Act 3): Offer a climax and a satisfying or thought-provoking ending.

### Alternative Structures

- Vignettes or non-linear narratives: Use flashbacks, montages, or fragmented storytelling.
- Single scene or moment: Focus solely on one impactful event.

## Step 4: Writing the Script

### Formatting and Style

- Use industry-standard screenplay formatting.
- Keep descriptions concise; focus on visual storytelling.
- Write dialogue that feels natural and purposeful.

### Tips for Effective Short Film Scripts

- Show, don't tell: Use visuals to convey information rather than exposition.
- Economy of language: Every line, action, and shot should serve the story.
- Create memorable moments: A striking line or visual can resonate long after the film ends.
- Pace your story: Maintain momentum; avoid slow moments that don't serve the narrative.

## Step 5: Refining Your Script

### Feedback and Revisions

- Share your draft with trusted peers or mentors.
- Be open to critique, especially regarding pacing, clarity, and emotional impact.
- Trim unnecessary scenes or dialogue.

### Read-Alouds and Table Reads

- Hearing your script aloud helps identify awkward dialogue or pacing issues.
- Adjust accordingly.

## Step 6: Preparing for Production

While this guide focuses on writing, understanding how your script translates to the screen is crucial.

- Visualize each scene: Think about shots, lighting, and atmosphere.

- Write clear scene descriptions to guide directors and cinematographers.
- Keep in mind budget constraints; simplicity often yields the best results.

### Additional Tips for Writing a Successful Short Film

- Start with a hook: Grab the audience's attention early.
- Create emotional stakes: Even in a short, emotional resonance is key.
- Avoid over-explaining: Trust your audience to understand implied details.
- Use symbolism: Visual motifs can add depth without words.
- Stick to your core idea: Every element should serve the story.

### Final Thoughts

Writing the short film is an exercise in precision and creativity. It challenges you to distill a story into its most essential elements while maintaining emotional depth and visual interest. Remember that brevity is your ally; use it to craft moments that linger with your audience. As you develop your script, stay true to your vision but remain flexible and open to feedback. With practice, patience, and a keen understanding of storytelling fundamentals, you'll be able to produce short films that captivate, provoke thought, and leave a lasting impression.

Embark on your journey with confidence; your story deserves to be told, no matter how brief.

**Question** What are the key elements to consider when writing a short film script? The key elements include a compelling concept, concise storytelling, well-defined characters, a clear structure with a beginning, middle, and end, and visual storytelling cues that can be effectively conveyed within a limited runtime. **Answer** How can I develop a strong story within a short film format? Focus on a single, impactful idea or emotion, keep the story simple yet engaging, and ensure every scene advances the plot or deepens character development. Prioritize showing rather than telling to maximize visual storytelling. What is the ideal length for a short film script? Typically, a short film script ranges from 5 to 15 pages, corresponding to about 5 to 15 minutes of screen time. Aim for brevity while maintaining narrative depth. How do I create engaging characters in a short film script? Use concise dialogue and strong visual cues to reveal personality traits quickly. Focus on characters with clear goals or conflicts that can be explored within the short timeframe to make them memorable. What are common mistakes to avoid when writing a short film script? Avoid overcomplicating the plot, including too many characters, or writing scenes that don't serve the story. Also, steer clear of unnecessary exposition and ensure your script has a clear emotional core. How important is dialogue in a short film script? Dialogue should be purposeful and concise, serving to reveal character or advance the story. Since short films have limited time, every line counts and should add value. What steps should I follow to turn my idea into a finished short film script? Start with a strong concept, outline your story structure, write a first draft focusing on story beats, revise

for clarity and pacing, get feedback from others, and then polish your script for production readiness.

**Related keywords:** screenplay, scriptwriting, storytelling, film script, short film ideas, dialogue writing, scene structure, character development, cinematic storytelling, film production

## ORACLE FND DOCUMENTS SHORT TEXT

**oracle fnd documents short text** is a commonly searched term by Oracle E-Business Suite (EBS) users and administrators seeking concise information about FND (Foundation) documents within the Oracle environment. Understanding how to efficiently access, interpret, and manage these short texts is crucial for maintaining seamless application functionality, troubleshooting issues, and ensuring effective communication across modules. This article provides an in-depth exploration of Oracle FND documents short text, covering its purpose, structure, usage, and best practices for managing these essential components.

## Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

### What Are FND Documents?

In Oracle E-Business Suite, FND (Foundation) documents are standardized pieces of data used across various modules to support configuration, messaging, and processing. These documents often contain essential information such as error messages, labels, descriptions, and short texts that facilitate user interaction and system operations.

### The Role of Short Texts in FND Documents

The short text within FND documents serves as a concise, easily understandable snippet of information that summarizes or labels a particular message or data element. This short text is typically used in user interfaces, notifications, and logs to quickly convey the essence of the message without overwhelming users with lengthy descriptions.

Key purposes of FND document short texts include:

- Providing quick, readable labels for form fields or options.
- Summarizing error or informational messages.
- Facilitating localization by enabling easy translation of concise texts.

- Enhancing user experience by reducing clutter and improving clarity.

## Structure and Components of FND Documents Short Texts

### Basic Structure of FND Documents

FND documents are stored within Oracle EBS's database tables, primarily in the `FND\_DOCUMENTS` and `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` tables. These tables contain core information and translations, respectively.

Key tables involved:

- `FND\_DOCUMENTS`: Stores document identifiers, types, and core attributes.
- `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`: Stores translated or localized text for different languages.

### Components of Short Texts

A typical FND document short text consists of:

- Document Name/ID: Unique identifier for the document.
- Language Code: Specifies the language for the short text.
- Short Text Content: The concise message or label.
- Description: Additional details, often optional.
- Effective Dates: Validity period of the short text.

Example:

| Column Name | Description |

|-----|-----|

| DOCUMENT\_NAME | Unique identifier like 'ERR\_INV001' |

| LANGUAGE\_CODE | 'US' for English (United States) |

| SHORT\_TEXT | 'Invalid input' |

| DESCRIPTION | 'Error message for invalid user input' |

| START\_DATE | Date from which the text is valid |

| END\_DATE | Date until the text is valid |

## Usage of FND Document Short Texts in Oracle EBS

### Application in User Interface

Short texts are used extensively in forms, menus, and notifications to:

- Display labels for fields.
- Show error messages or warnings.
- Present status updates or informational messages.

Example: When a user enters invalid data, the system may display a short text like "Input error" to communicate the issue promptly.

### Application in Messaging and Logging

Short texts facilitate quick identification of messages in system logs, aiding in troubleshooting and auditing.

### Localization and Multilingual Support

Because short texts are stored with language codes, they support localization efforts, enabling the interface and messages to adapt to users' language preferences.

## Managing FND Documents Short Texts

### Creating and Updating Short Texts

To create or modify short texts, administrators typically:

- Use Oracle Applications Developer or similar tools.
- Access the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table directly via SQL for advanced management.
- Use the Oracle EBS System Administrator responsibilities to manage translations and texts.

Steps to create a new short text:

- Define a unique document name or ID.
- Specify the language code.
- Enter the concise message in the `SHORT\_TEXT` field.
- Set the effective date range.
- Save the record to make it available system-wide.

## Best Practices for Managing Short Texts

- Consistency: Use standardized language and terminology across all texts.
- Clarity: Keep messages brief but informative.
- Localization: Ensure translations are accurate and contextually appropriate.
- Version Control: Track changes and maintain historical records for audit purposes.
- Validation: Regularly review short texts for relevance and correctness.

## Common Tools and Techniques

- Application Developer: For creating and editing documents within the Oracle EBS interface.
- SQL Scripts: For bulk updates or extraction of short texts.
- FNDLOAD Utility: A command-line tool for exporting/importing document definitions, including short texts.
- Workflow and Notifications: Incorporate short texts into workflows for automated messaging.

## Best Practices and Troubleshooting

### Ensuring Data Integrity

- Regularly validate the consistency of short texts across different languages.
- Maintain proper date ranges to avoid displaying outdated messages.

### Handling Missing or Incorrect Short Texts

- Verify if the document exists in `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`.
- Check effective dates and language codes.
- Use SQL queries to identify missing translations, e.g.:

```
```sql
```

```
SELECT FROM FND_DOCUMENTS_TL

WHERE DOCUMENT_NAME = 'ERR_INV001'

AND LANGUAGE_CODE = 'US';

...
```

- Update or add missing entries as needed.

## Performance Optimization

- Index the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table on document name and language code.
- Clean up obsolete or unused texts periodically.

## Conclusion

Oracle FND documents short text is a vital element in the Oracle E-Business Suite ecosystem, contributing significantly to user interface clarity, system messaging, and localization efforts. Proper management of these short texts ensures a more efficient and user-friendly environment, reduces errors, and enhances overall system performance. Whether you're a system administrator, developer, or functional consultant, understanding the structure, usage, and management of FND document short texts is essential for maintaining a robust Oracle EBS deployment.

### Key Takeaways:

- Short texts are concise messages stored within FND documents.
- They support localization, usability, and troubleshooting.
- Proper management involves creation, updates, validation, and periodic review.
- Tools like FNDLOAD and SQL scripts facilitate efficient handling.
- Best practices ensure consistency, clarity, and system integrity.

By mastering the concepts and techniques outlined in this article, Oracle EBS users and administrators can optimize the use and management of FND document short texts, leading to improved system performance and user satisfaction.

### Oracle FND Documents Short Text: An In-Depth Review and Guide

Oracle E-Business Suite's Foundation (FND) module plays a pivotal role in managing core system functionalities, including security, user management, and configuration. Among its myriad features, the handling and management of FND documents short text is a critical aspect that often puzzles users and administrators alike. This comprehensive review aims to demystify what FND documents short text entails, its significance, management practices, common issues, and best practices to optimize its use within Oracle EBS.

## Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

### What is FND Documents Short Text?

FND Documents Short Text is a concise, descriptive field used within Oracle E-Business Suite to provide brief, meaningful summaries or titles for various documents, records, or transactions stored within the FND schema. It acts as a quick reference or identifier, allowing users to easily recognize and differentiate documents without delving into detailed content.

Typically, this short text:

- Serves as a summary or caption for a document, record, or transaction.
- Is stored in the FND\_DOCUMENTS table, primarily in the SHORT\_TEXT column.
- Is used across multiple modules, especially in areas like approvals, notifications, and document management.

This field is designed to enhance usability by providing a human-readable, easily scannable label, which is essential in environments handling thousands of documents and records.

## The Role and Significance of Short Text in Oracle FND

### Why is Short Text Important?

The short text attribute plays several vital roles within the Oracle EBS environment:

- **Quick Identification:** It allows users to quickly identify the purpose or nature of a document without opening detailed records.
- **Improved User Experience:** Simplifies navigation and search processes, especially in approval workflows or when retrieving documents.
- **Reporting & Auditing:** Facilitates reporting by providing meaningful labels that can be used in queries, logs, and audit trails.
- **Consistency & Standardization:** Ensures that documents are labeled uniformly, aiding in

compliance and process standardization.

## Typical Use Cases

- Document Management: Short text labels for uploaded or generated documents such as invoices, receipts, or correspondence.
- Workflow Approvals: Brief descriptions of approval requests or notifications.
- Error & Exception Tracking: Short descriptions of issues or alerts generated within the system.
- Custom Records: User-defined documents or records created via custom modules or extensions.

## Managing FND Documents Short Text

### Creating and Updating Short Text

Managing the short text effectively involves understanding where and how to set or modify this attribute:

- During Document Creation: When new documents are uploaded or generated via forms, APIs, or custom code, the short text is usually provided as part of the creation process.
- Via API Calls: Developers can set or update the short text using specific APIs like ``FND_DOCUMENTS_PUB.Create_Document``.
- Manual Updates: Administrators or power users can update the short text directly through SQL scripts or through custom interfaces, with caution.

### Best Practices for Managing Short Text

- Use Clear and Concise Descriptions: The short text should be meaningful yet brief, ideally not exceeding 50 characters.
- Maintain Consistency: Follow naming conventions or labeling standards across the organization.
- Update Regularly: When document content or context changes, update the short text to reflect the current status or description.
- Automate When Possible: Use APIs or scripts to populate short text fields during batch processing or integrations, reducing manual errors.

### Common Methods to Handle Short Text

- Using SQL: Direct updates via SQL scripts (not recommended unless necessary and with proper backups).
- Using API: Preferred method for creating or updating documents programmatically.
- Using Forms: Oracle EBS forms or custom interfaces designed for document management.

## Technical Aspects and Table Structures

### FND\_DOCUMENTS Table Overview

The core table where document-related data, including short text, is stored is FND\_DOCUMENTS. Key columns include:

- DOCUMENT\_ID: Unique identifier for each document.
- SHORT\_TEXT: The brief description or title of the document.
- FILE\_NAME: Name of the uploaded or stored file.
- DOCUMENT\_TYPE: Type/category of the document.
- CREATION\_DATE: When the document was created.
- LAST\_UPDATE\_DATE: Last modification timestamp.

### Data Integrity and Constraints

- The SHORT\_TEXT is typically constrained to a specific length (often 50 characters), ensuring standardization.
- Proper indexing on DOCUMENT\_ID facilitates quick retrieval.
- Referential integrity is maintained via foreign keys to other tables like FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL for multilingual support.

## Challenges and Common Issues with FND Documents Short Text

### 1. Inconsistent or Vague Short Texts

- Caused by manual entry errors or lack of standards.
- Leads to difficulty in document identification and retrieval.

### 2. Length Limitations

- The character limit may restrict descriptive detail.

- Users may resort to abbreviations that can be ambiguous.

### 3. Multilingual Support Concerns

- When supporting multiple languages, short text must be maintained across translations.
- FND's multilingual tables (e.g., FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL) are used, which require careful synchronization.

### 4. Performance Impact

- Excessively long or numerous short texts can affect query performance, especially in large environments.

### 5. Synchronization and Data Consistency

- Ensuring that short text updates are reflected across all relevant modules and reports.

## Best Practices for Optimizing FND Documents Short Text

### 1. Standardization

- Develop organizational standards for naming conventions.
- Use templates or predefined phrases to ensure uniformity.

### 2. Validation

- Implement validation routines to prevent overly long or vague descriptions.
- Use check constraints or application-level validations.

### 3. Automation

- Leverage APIs for consistent and error-free updates.
- Automate batch updates for large document sets.

### 4. Multilingual Management

- Maintain translations in FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL.
- Use consistent terminology across languages.

## 5. Regular Audits

- Periodically review documents' short texts for accuracy and relevance.
- Remove or archive outdated descriptions.

## Integrating Short Text with Other Oracle EBS Components

### Workflow and Approvals

- Short text is often displayed in approval notifications, dashboards, and worklists.
- Proper labeling improves decision-making efficiency.

### Reporting and Analytics

- Short text fields are included in reports for summaries and summaries.
- They enable quick filtering and categorization.

### Custom Development

- Developers should ensure that custom modules or integrations correctly handle the SHORT\_TEXT attribute.
- When creating custom documents or records, always populate the short text for clarity.

## Conclusion and Final Thoughts

The FND documents short text field, though seemingly simple, is a fundamental component of Oracle E-Business Suite's document management and communication ecosystem. Its proper management ensures that users can efficiently identify, search, and utilize documents, ultimately contributing to smoother workflows, better compliance, and more effective data management.

To leverage its full potential:

- Emphasize standardization and clarity.

- Use robust APIs and automation tools.
- Maintain multilingual consistency.
- Regularly audit and update descriptions.

By doing so, organizations can significantly enhance their operational efficiency and data clarity within Oracle EBS, avoiding common pitfalls and maximizing the value derived from their document management practices.

In essence, mastering the management of FND documents short text is crucial for administrators, developers, and end-users aiming for a streamlined, consistent, and effective Oracle E-Business Suite environment.

**QuestionAnswer** What are Oracle FND documents short text used for? Oracle FND documents short text are used to provide concise descriptions or summaries of various components, such as profiles, messages, or setup instructions within the Oracle E-Business Suite, facilitating quick understanding and reference. How can I modify the short text for an Oracle FND document? You can modify the short text by accessing the relevant form or table within Oracle Applications, such as the System Profiles or Messages window, and updating the description or text fields accordingly. Where are Oracle FND documents short texts stored? Short texts for Oracle FND documents are stored within the database tables associated with the specific modules, such as FND\_DEFINITION or FND\_MESSAGES, allowing for easy retrieval and management. Can I customize the short text in Oracle FND documents for different environments? Yes, customization is possible by updating the short texts in the database or through the Application Developer tools, enabling environment-specific descriptions or instructions as needed. Are there best practices for managing Oracle FND document short texts? Best practices include maintaining consistency in terminology, documenting changes properly, and ensuring that short texts are clear, concise, and accurately reflect the purpose of the documents to improve user understanding.

**Related keywords:** oracle fnd documents, oracle fnd guide, oracle fnd user manual, oracle fnd documentation, oracle fnd help, oracle fnd reference, oracle fnd tutorials, oracle fnd setup, oracle fnd administration, oracle fnd support

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