

Padi Rescue Diver Knowledge Review Answers Reference

PADI Rescue Diver Knowledge Review Answers: An In-Depth Guide

PADI Rescue Diver knowledge review answers are essential for aspiring rescue divers to confirm their understanding of key safety procedures, rescue techniques, and accident prevention strategies. Successfully mastering these answers ensures that divers are well-prepared to handle emergencies underwater and on the surface, ultimately promoting safer diving experiences for themselves and their companions. This comprehensive guide aims to clarify common questions found in the PADI Rescue Diver knowledge review, providing clear explanations, tips, and strategies to help you confidently pass your exam and become a responsible rescue diver.

Understanding the Purpose of the PADI Rescue Diver Course

What Is the Goal of the Course?

The primary aim of the PADI Rescue Diver course is to develop a diver's ability to prevent emergencies, recognize signs of distress, and respond effectively when emergencies occur. The course emphasizes:

- Self-rescue skills
- Recognizing and managing diver stress
- Assisting distressed or injured divers
- Managing emergency situations efficiently

Why Is Knowledge Review Important?

The knowledge review consolidates theoretical understanding, ensuring divers can:

- Recognize signs of potential problems
- Apply correct rescue techniques
- Use emergency equipment properly
- Demonstrate proper communication skills during emergencies

Common PADI Rescue Diver Knowledge Review Questions and

Answers

1. What are the main objectives of rescue diver training?

- Prevent accidents through awareness and risk management
- Recognize signs of stress or trouble in divers
- Respond quickly and effectively to emergencies
- Provide appropriate assistance to distressed or injured divers

2. How can you recognize that a diver is in trouble?

- Unusual breathing patterns, such as rapid or irregular breaths
- Struggling or panicked movements
- Ascent or descent at an abnormal rate
- Inability to respond to signals or communicate
- Visible signs of distress, such as clutching the mouth or head

3. What are the steps in the Rescue Assessment?

Answer includes the following steps:

- Ensure scene safety to avoid becoming a victim yourself
- Assess the diver's situation and identify the problem
- Determine the need for assistance
- Call for help if necessary
- Provide appropriate rescue techniques based on the situation
- Provide first aid and monitor the diver until further help arrives

4. What are some common rescue techniques taught in the course?

- Assisted rescue from the surface using a rescue buoy or rescue tube
- Rescue breaths and CPR if needed
- Removing an unresponsive diver from the water safely
- Managing a panicked diver, including calming techniques
- Helping tired or stressed divers ascend safely

5. Describe the importance of scene safety and personal safety during rescues.

Ensuring scene safety is critical to prevent additional incidents. Divers must assess the environment for hazards such as currents, debris, or dangerous marine life before intervening. Personal safety involves using proper rescue techniques, maintaining control, and avoiding unnecessary risks to ensure both the rescuer and the distressed diver are protected.

6. What equipment is essential for rescue situations?

- Rescue buoy or surface marker buoy (SMB)
- Rescue tube or aid for assisting tired divers
- First aid kit
- Oxygen delivery system (if available)
- Whistle or signaling device

7. How do you handle a distressed diver who is panicked?

- Remain calm to avoid escalating panic
- Use a calming voice and reassuring gestures
- Establish positive contact and provide simple instructions
- Assist with controlled ascent if necessary
- Use rescue techniques appropriate for the situation

8. What is the proper way to perform a rescue from the surface?

- Approach the distressed diver carefully, ensuring scene safety
- Use a rescue tube or buoy to support the diver
- Secure the diver with a supportive hold, such as an armpit or head support
- Begin controlled ascent, maintaining positive buoyancy and communication
- Monitor the diver's breathing and provide rescue breaths if needed

9. How do you manage a casualty who is unconscious or unresponsive?

- Remove the diver from the water safely
- Check for breathing and pulse
- Begin rescue breaths or CPR if necessary
- Administer oxygen if available
- Seek emergency medical assistance immediately

10. What are some common causes of diver emergencies?

- Overexertion or fatigue
- Dehydration or hypothermia
- Equipment failure or misuse
- Poor buoyancy control
- Underestimating dive conditions or limits
- Stress or panic underwater

Tips for Mastering the PADI Rescue Diver Knowledge Review

Thorough Study and Preparation

- Review the PADI Rescue Diver manual carefully
- Take notes on key points and rescue techniques
- Use practice quizzes to test your knowledge

Understand, Don't Memorize

- Focus on understanding rescue principles rather than rote memorization
- Visualize scenarios to better grasp response actions

Practice Situational Awareness

- Think through real-life rescue situations
- Practice communication and rescue techniques during dives or training sessions

Utilize Additional Resources

- Watch instructional videos on rescue procedures
- Attend review sessions or ask your instructor for clarification
- Study with peers to reinforce learning

Conclusion

Mastering the **PADI Rescue Diver knowledge review answers** is a vital step in becoming a

competent and confident rescue diver. Understanding the theory behind rescue operations, recognizing signs of distress, and knowing proper response techniques ensure that you are prepared to handle emergencies effectively. Remember, safety is always the priority, and continuous learning and practice are essential components of responsible diving. By thoroughly studying these answers and applying practical skills, you'll be well on your way to making a positive difference in emergency situations beneath the waves.

PADI Rescue Diver Knowledge Review Answers: A Comprehensive Guide for Aspiring Rescue Divers

Introduction

Understanding the PADI Rescue Diver Course

What Is the PADI Rescue Diver Course?

The PADI Rescue Diver course is designed to develop a diver's ability to prevent problems, recognize early signs of distress, and respond effectively in emergency situations. Unlike other courses that focus primarily on individual skills, the rescue course emphasizes situational awareness, problem-solving, and confidence in managing emergencies—both minor and major.

Why Is the Knowledge Review Important?

The knowledge review acts as a foundation for practical application. It covers critical topics such as emergency management, self-rescue, assisting distressed divers, and accident prevention. Successfully completing the knowledge review ensures that candidates are prepared to handle real-life situations responsibly and confidently.

Core Topics Covered in the PADI Rescue Diver Knowledge Review

- Recognizing and Managing Stress in Divers

Key Concepts:

- Stress signs in divers can include rapid breathing, panic, confusion, and overexertion.
- Recognizing early signs allows for timely intervention.
- Managing your own stress is equally important to maintain composure during emergencies.

Sample Question & Answer:

Q: What are some common signs that a diver is experiencing stress?

A: Common signs include rapid breathing, loss of air, confusion, panic, and overexertion.

- Preventing Diver Emergencies

Key Concepts:

- Proper pre-dive planning and equipment checks.
- Maintaining good communication and situational awareness.
- Encouraging conservative dive practices and monitoring your buddy.

Sample Question & Answer:

Q: How can divers minimize the risk of emergencies during a dive?

A: They can minimize risk by thorough pre-dive equipment checks, maintaining effective communication, practicing good buoyancy control, and adhering to safe dive limits.

- Assisting a Diver in Trouble

Key Concepts:

- Using appropriate rescue techniques like the reach, throw, row, or tow methods.
- Ensuring personal safety before assisting others.
- Providing appropriate first aid and summoning emergency services when necessary.

Sample Question & Answer:

Q: What is the first step when you notice a diver in trouble?

A: The first step is to assess the situation to ensure your safety and then proceed with appropriate rescue techniques.

- Managing a Diver Followed by a Medical Emergency

Key Concepts:

- Recognizing symptoms of common medical issues such as decompression sickness or pulmonary problems.
- Administering oxygen if available.
- Arranging for immediate medical attention.

Sample Question & Answer:

Q: What should you do if a diver shows signs of decompression sickness?

A: Provide oxygen if available, minimize movement, and seek emergency medical assistance immediately.

Common Questions and Accurate Answers for the Knowledge Review

The knowledge review contains specific questions designed to test understanding of key concepts. Here, we delve into some typical questions and their authoritative answers, helping candidates prepare effectively.

Question 1: Why is it important to conduct a pre-dive safety check?

Answer:

A pre-dive safety check ensures that equipment is functioning correctly, the dive plan is understood, and both divers are prepared for the dive. It reduces the risk of equipment failure or miscommunication, thus enhancing safety.

Question 2: What are the main objectives of a rescue breathing technique?

Answer:

Rescue breathing aims to provide oxygen to a distressed diver who is not breathing, maintaining vital organ function until professional medical help arrives.

Question 3: How should you handle a panicked diver?

Answer:

Remain calm, avoid overreacting, provide reassurance, and guide the diver to calm down. Use controlled rescue techniques to assist them without escalating their panic.

Question 4: What is the purpose of a ?reach? rescue?

Answer:

A reach rescue involves extending a pole, snorkel, or arm to the distressed diver to pull them to safety without entering the water, minimizing risk to the rescuer.

Question 5: When should you call emergency services during a rescue?

Answer:

Immediately if the situation involves serious injury, unconsciousness, suspected decompression sickness, or if the rescue exceeds the rescuer's skill level.

Practical Tips for Success in the Knowledge Review

- Study the PADI Rescue Diver Manual thoroughly: Understanding the material is crucial for answering questions accurately.
- Practice scenario-based questions: These help visualize real-life emergency situations.
- Review first aid procedures: Be familiar with CPR, oxygen administration, and emergency response protocols.
- Discuss with instructors or fellow divers: Sharing knowledge enhances understanding and retention.
- Use online practice quizzes: Many resources are available to simulate the knowledge review process.

The Role of the Knowledge Review in Certification

Completing the knowledge review is a mandatory step before progressing to the practical rescue exercises. It ensures that candidates possess the theoretical knowledge necessary to perform rescues safely and effectively. Failing to pass the review may delay certification, but with diligent study and preparation, most candidates find success on their first attempt.

Additional Resources for Preparation

- PADI Rescue Diver Manual: The primary resource for all course-related questions.

- Online Practice Quizzes: Numerous websites offer practice tests aligned with PADI standards.
- Instructor-led Review Sessions: Participating in review classes can clarify complex topics.
- First Aid and CPR Certification: Additional certifications reinforce rescue skills.

Conclusion

PADI rescue diver knowledge review answers form the foundation for safe and effective rescue practices. By understanding the core principles—ranging from recognizing stress in divers, preventing emergencies, to executing rescue techniques—aspiring rescue divers can confidently approach their certification. Preparation is key; thorough study, practical application, and ongoing education ensure that rescue divers are equipped to handle emergencies with competence and calmness. Achieving this certification not only enhances personal diving safety but also contributes significantly to the safety of the entire diving community.

Question Answer What are the main responsibilities of a PADI Rescue Diver during an emergency? A PADI Rescue Diver is responsible for recognizing and preventing potential problems, managing emergencies calmly, providing assistance to distressed or unconscious divers, and ensuring overall safety during incidents. What are the key steps in the PADI Rescue Diver's pre-accident assessment? The key steps include assessing the environment, monitoring diver behavior, checking for signs of distress, and ensuring that safety equipment is in place before intervening or responding to an emergency. How does the PADI Rescue Diver course emphasize self-rescue and stress management? The course includes training on recognizing personal stress, managing panic, and practicing self-rescue techniques to ensure divers can handle emergencies effectively without becoming overwhelmed. What is the importance of emergency equipment during rescue scenarios in PADI training? Emergency equipment such as first aid kits, oxygen units, and signaling devices are crucial for providing immediate care, facilitating rescue efforts, and preventing further injury or complications during incidents. How does the PADI Rescue Diver course prepare divers for handling both minor and major emergencies? The course offers realistic scenarios, hands-on practice, and theoretical knowledge to equip divers with the skills needed to manage a wide range of emergencies confidently and effectively, from minor incidents to life-threatening situations.

Related keywords: PADI Rescue Diver, rescue diver knowledge review, rescue diver answers, PADI rescue knowledge review, rescue diver quiz solutions, PADI rescue training, rescue diver study guide, rescue diver certification prep, rescue diver exam answers, PADI emergency rescue

NAUI MASTER DIVER EXAM

naui master diver exam is a comprehensive assessment designed to evaluate the knowledge, skills, and proficiency of experienced divers aiming to attain the prestigious NAUI Master Diver certification. Recognized globally, the NAUI (National Association of Underwater Instructors) Master Diver designation signifies a high level of expertise in recreational diving, leadership, and safety management. Preparing for and passing the NAUI Master Diver exam is a significant milestone for avid divers seeking to deepen their understanding of diving techniques, dive planning, emergency procedures, and environmental stewardship. This article provides an in-depth overview of the NAUI Master Diver exam, including its structure, requirements, preparation strategies, and tips for success, all optimized for those interested in advancing their diving credentials.

Understanding the NAUI Master Diver Certification

What Is the NAUI Master Diver Certification?

The NAUI Master Diver certification is an advanced level in recreational diving offered by the NAUI organization. It signifies a diver's comprehensive skills, extensive experience, and leadership ability underwater. Unlike basic open water certifications, the Master Diver status indicates a diver's capacity to handle complex dive scenarios, assist other divers, and contribute to safe diving practices.

Benefits of Becoming a NAUI Master Diver

Achieving the NAUI Master Diver certification offers numerous benefits, including:

- Recognition as a highly skilled and knowledgeable diver.
- Eligibility to lead dives and supervise others.
- Increased confidence and competence underwater.
- Opportunities to participate in advanced diving specialties.
- Potential for teaching and mentoring novice divers.
- Enhanced career prospects within the diving industry.

NAUI Master Diver Exam Structure and Components

Overview of the Exam Format

The NAUI Master Diver exam is a comprehensive evaluation that tests both theoretical knowledge and practical skills. It typically comprises:

- A written theoretical exam.

- Practical skill assessments.
- An interview or oral component (depending on the course or instructor).

The exam is designed to ensure candidates possess a broad understanding of diving principles, safety protocols, environmental awareness, and emergency procedures.

Key Sections of the Exam

The exam covers various topics, including:

- Diving Physics and Physiology
- Dive Planning and Management
- Equipment Knowledge
- Emergency Procedures and First Aid
- Environmental Stewardship
- Diving Techniques and Skills
- Leadership and Supervision

Prerequisites and Requirements for the NAUI Master Diver Exam

Eligibility Criteria

Candidates interested in taking the NAUI Master Diver exam must typically meet the following prerequisites:

- Be at least 18 years old.
- Hold a current NAUI Advanced Open Water Diver certification or equivalent.
- Have accumulated a minimum number of logged dives (commonly 50-100 dives).
- Possess current certifications in CPR and First Aid (or Rescue Diver or higher).

Additional Requirements

- Demonstrate proficiency in basic and advanced diving skills.
- Show evidence of leadership experience during dives.
- Complete required coursework or training modules.
- Pass an internal assessment or instructor review.

Preparation Strategies for the NAUI Master Diver Exam

Study Materials and Resources

Preparing effectively involves utilizing various resources:

- Official NAUI manuals and study guides.
- Online courses and webinars.
- Dive logs and experience records.
- Practice exams and quizzes.

Practical Training and Skill Refinement

Hands-on experience is crucial for success:

- Practice essential skills such as buoyancy control, navigation, and rescue techniques.
- Participate in advanced dives to gain confidence.
- Engage in leadership roles during dive trips.

Review and Practice

- Regularly review key concepts.
- Take mock exams to identify areas needing improvement.
- Consult experienced instructors or dive masters for guidance.

Exam Day: Tips for Success

- Arrive well-rested and prepared.
- Bring all necessary certifications, dive logs, and identification.
- Carefully read each exam question.
- Manage your time effectively during the exam.
- Stay calm and focused, especially during practical assessments.

Post-Exam Steps and Certification Process

Once you successfully pass the NAUI Master Diver exam:

- Your instructor or NAUI representative will process your certification.

- You will receive your official Master Diver card and certificate.
- You can now pursue leadership roles, specialty certifications, and advanced training.

Additional Tips for Achieving NAUI Master Diver Status

- Continuously expand your diving knowledge through workshops and seminars.
- Log diverse dives to build experience.
- Volunteer for dive rescue or environmental projects.
- Network with other experienced divers and instructors.
- Maintain current certifications and stay updated on safety standards.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

- Time Management: Prepare well in advance to avoid last-minute cramming.
- Skill Confidence: Regularly practice advanced skills to build confidence.
- Knowledge Gaps: Focus on weak areas identified during practice exams.
- Nerves on Exam Day: Relax, breathe deeply, and approach each section methodically.

Conclusion: Embarking on Your Journey to Master Diver Certification

The **NAUI Master Diver exam** represents a significant achievement for experienced divers committed to excellence and safety. Proper preparation, hands-on experience, and a thorough understanding of diving principles are essential for success. Attaining the Master Diver certification not only elevates your diving credentials but also opens doors to leadership, teaching, and exploration opportunities within the diving community. Whether you're aiming to lead dives, mentor others, or simply deepen your underwater expertise, passing the NAUI Master Diver exam is a rewarding milestone that reflects your dedication and skill as a diver.

Keywords: NAUI Master Diver exam, NAUI certification, dive certification, advanced diving skills, dive leadership, dive safety, diving exam preparation, how to pass NAUI Master Diver exam, dive training, NAUI Master Diver requirements

Naui Master Diver Exam: Your Comprehensive Guide to Achieving the Pinnacle of Recreational Diving Certification

Embarking on the journey to become a NAUI Master Diver is an exciting milestone for any serious recreational diver. Recognized worldwide as a mark of advanced knowledge, skills, and experience, the NAUI Master Diver Exam is designed to challenge even the most seasoned underwater enthusiasts. Whether you're a certified diver looking to elevate your credentials or an aspiring

professional aiming to master your craft, understanding the nuances of this exam is crucial. This guide provides an in-depth exploration of what the NAUI Master Diver Exam entails, how to prepare effectively, and tips for success.

What Is the NAUI Master Diver Certification?

The NAUI Master Diver certification is one of the highest recreational diving credentials offered by the National Association of Underwater Instructors (NAUI). It signifies a diver's comprehensive knowledge of diving theory, proficiency in a wide array of skills, and extensive experience across various diving environments. Achieving this credential demonstrates a diver's commitment to safety, education, and mastery of diving practices.

Key Attributes of a NAUI Master Diver:

- Extensive diving experience (typically a minimum of 50 logged dives)
- Advanced rescue and emergency management skills
- Proficiency in multiple diving specialties
- Deep understanding of diving physics, physiology, and equipment

The exam itself acts as both a knowledge assessment and a practical validation of your skills, ensuring you meet NAUI's rigorous standards.

The Structure of the NAUI Master Diver Exam

The NAUI Master Diver Exam is comprehensive, encompassing theoretical knowledge, practical skills, and sometimes a written test or assessment depending on the course format. While the exact structure may vary based on your instructor or course delivery method, it generally includes the following components:

- Written Examination

A multiple-choice or essay-based test covering:

- Dive physics and physiology
- Equipment and gear maintenance
- Diving safety and accident prevention
- Environmental awareness and conservation
- Dive planning and navigation

- Emergency procedures and rescue techniques
- Practical Skills Assessment

Demonstrations or evaluations of skills such as:

- Equipment assembly and troubleshooting
- Underwater navigation
- Controlled emergency swimming ascent (CESA)
- Rescue techniques for distressed divers
- Navigation with a compass
- Deep and night diving procedures
- Oral or Verbal Questioning

Some courses incorporate oral assessments to gauge your understanding of scenarios and technical concepts.

Preparing for the NAUI Master Diver Exam

Preparation is key to success. The exam is designed to assess your depth of knowledge and practical skills, so thorough preparation ensures you'll excel. Here's a step-by-step guide:

Step 1: Review Prerequisites and Requirements

- Minimum logged dives: Typically 50 dives, including various types such as night, deep, and navigation dives.
- Experience: Ensure your dive log reflects diverse experiences, especially in challenging conditions.
- Rescue certification: Usually required before attempting the Master Diver exam.
- First aid and CPR certification: Often a prerequisite.

Step 2: Study the NAUI Dive Manual and Course Materials

- Read and understand all provided manuals and textbooks.
- Focus on areas such as physics, physiology, equipment, and dive planning.

- Review environmental concerns and conservation practices.

Step 3: Practice Skills Regularly

- Conduct drills for rescue and emergency procedures.
- Practice navigation and compass use.
- Familiarize yourself with equipment assembly and troubleshooting.

Step 4: Take Practice Exams

- Use sample questions to assess your knowledge.
- Identify weak areas and revisit relevant materials.
- Simulate practical skills assessments in controlled environments.

Step 5: Gain Additional Experience

- Participate in diverse dives to broaden your experience.
- Volunteer for advanced specialty courses like deep, night, or wreck diving.
- Engage in scenario-based training sessions.

Tips for Success During the Exam

- Stay calm and focused: Manage nerves by practicing relaxation techniques.
- Read questions carefully: Ensure you understand what is being asked before answering.
- Show your experience: When demonstrating skills, perform confidently and methodically.
- Ask for clarification: If instructions are unclear, don't hesitate to seek guidance.
- Adhere to safety protocols: Always prioritize safety during practical assessments.

Common Topics Covered in the NAUI Master Diver Exam

Below are key topics you should master before sitting for the exam:

Dive Physics and Physiology

- Boyle's Law, Archimedes' Principle
- Gas laws, partial pressures

- Effects of pressure on the body
- Nitrogen narcosis and decompression sickness

Equipment and Gear

- Proper assembly, inspection, and maintenance
- Functionality of regulators, BCDs, cylinders
- Troubleshooting common equipment issues

Dive Planning and Environment

- Planning dives based on conditions and experience
- Understanding currents, tides, and environmental hazards
- Conservation practices and marine life protection

Emergency Procedures

- Rescue techniques
- First aid and CPR
- Handling diver emergencies and accidents

The Benefits of Achieving NAUI Master Diver Certification

Beyond the obvious prestige, the NAUI Master Diver credential opens doors to numerous opportunities:

- Enhanced credibility among peers and employers
- Eligibility to teach or assist in dive courses
- Access to advanced diving specialties
- Increased confidence in handling complex dive scenarios
- Contribution to marine conservation initiatives

Resources to Aid Your Preparation

- NAUI Official Manuals and Courses: The most authoritative sources for exam content.
- Online Practice Tests: Many dive training websites offer sample questions.

- Dive Log Review: Ensure your logged dives meet NAUI requirements.
- Local Dive Shops and Clubs: Engage with experienced divers and instructors.
- Specialty Courses: Enroll in additional NAUI specialties to broaden your skill set.

Final Thoughts

Earning the NAUI Master Diver certification is a testament to your dedication, skill, and passion for diving. The NAUI Master Diver Exam may be challenging, but with diligent preparation and a commitment to safety and excellence, you can achieve this prestigious milestone. Remember, mastery in diving is a continuous journey. Use this exam as a stepping stone to further your adventures beneath the waves and contribute positively to the underwater world.

Embark on your path toward becoming a NAUI Master Diver today?your underwater mastery awaits!

Question What topics are covered in the NAUI Master Diver exam? The NAUI Master Diver exam covers advanced diving physics, physiology, equipment, dive planning, rescue procedures, environmental awareness, and leadership skills to ensure comprehensive mastery of diving principles. **How can I prepare effectively for the NAUI Master Diver exam?** Preparation involves reviewing NAUI's official training materials, gaining practical experience through advanced dives, attending review sessions, and practicing exam questions to familiarize yourself with the exam format. **What is the passing score for the NAUI Master Diver exam?** Typically, a minimum score of 80% is required to pass the NAUI Master Diver exam, but it's recommended to check the latest guidelines from NAUI as standards may vary. **How long does it take to complete the NAUI Master Diver exam?** The duration varies depending on individual preparation and training pace, but it generally takes several days to weeks, including classroom study, practical dives, and exam completion. **Is prior experience required before taking the NAUI Master Diver exam?** Yes, candidates must have completed the NAUI Advanced Diver certification or equivalent, along with sufficient diving experience as specified by NAUI standards. **Can I take the NAUI Master Diver exam online?** While some theoretical components may be available online, the NAUI Master Diver exam typically requires in-person assessment, practical dives, and skills evaluations to ensure competency. **What are the benefits of becoming a NAUI Master Diver?** Becoming a NAUI Master Diver enhances your knowledge, skills, and credibility in the diving community, opening opportunities for leadership, instruction, and advanced diving activities. **Are there any prerequisites before taking the NAUI Master Diver exam?** Yes, candidates must hold an active NAUI Advanced Diver certification, have completed specific training hours, and possess sufficient open water diving experience. **How often should I renew or update my NAUI Master Diver certification?** NAUI recommends regular refresher courses and staying current with diving standards, typically renewing certifications every 1-2 years to maintain active status. **Where can I find official resources to prepare for the NAUI Master Diver exam?** Official NAUI training manuals, online courses, and local dive shop instruction are valuable resources. Visiting the NAUI website or contacting certified instructors can provide comprehensive study materials.

Related keywords: NAUI Master Diver, NAUI certification, diving exam, scuba certification, dive training, advanced scuba skills, diver certification exam, scuba diving qualifications, NAUI training standards, dive mastery test

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