

Chloroform C2432 Product Information Sheet Sigma Aldrich PDF

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Understanding the properties, applications, safety measures, and handling instructions of chemical compounds is essential for researchers, industrial professionals, and safety officers. Chloroform, also known as trichloromethane, is a well-established chemical reagent with diverse applications across laboratories and industries. Sigma-Aldrich, a leading supplier of chemicals and biochemicals, provides detailed product information sheets for its chemical offerings, including chloroform C2432. This comprehensive overview aims to elucidate the critical aspects of the Sigma-Aldrich product labeled C2432, offering insights into its specifications, uses, safety protocols, and regulatory considerations.

Overview of Chloroform C2432

Product Identification and Catalog Details

Chloroform C2432 is a high-purity chemical reagent supplied by Sigma-Aldrich, characterized by its chemical formula CHCl_3 . The product code C2432 uniquely identifies this specific grade of chloroform, which is intended for research and industrial applications. The product information sheet typically includes:

- Chemical Name: Chloroform
- Catalog Number: C2432
- Molecular Formula: CHCl_3
- Molecular Weight: 119.38 g/mol
- Purity Level: Usually $\geq 99.8\%$ (analytical grade or as specified)
- Physical State: Clear, colorless, volatile liquid
- Boiling Point: Approximately 61.2°C
- Density: Around 1.48 g/mL at 20°C
- Refractive Index: ~ 1.445 at 20°C

The product sheet also details packaging options, such as bottles of various sizes (e.g., 100 mL, 500 mL, 1 L), and storage conditions to maintain product integrity.

Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Characteristics

Chloroform is a dense, volatile liquid with distinctive physical features:

- Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid
- Odor: Sweet, chloroform-like aroma
- Volatility: High; evaporates readily at room temperature
- Solubility: Slightly soluble in water (~8 g/L at 20°C), highly soluble in organic solvents like ethanol, ether, and chloroform itself

Chemical Properties

Chloroform's chemical properties underpin its reactivity and applications:

- Chemical Structure: Tetrahedral molecule with three chlorine atoms attached to a central carbon atom
- Reactivity: Undergoes dehydrohalogenation to produce phosgene when exposed to strong bases or heat
- Stability: Relatively stable under recommended storage conditions but can decompose upon exposure to light or heat, releasing toxic phosgene gas

Applications and Uses of Chloroform C2432

Laboratory and Research Applications

Chloroform has historically been used in various laboratory procedures:

- Solvent for Organic Compounds: Due to its excellent solvent properties, it dissolves fats, alkaloids, and other organic compounds
- Extraction Processes: Used in liquid-liquid extraction protocols
- Preparation of Reagent Solutions: As a solvent in analytical chemistry
- Nucleic Acid Extraction: Historically used in DNA and RNA extraction protocols, though less common now due to toxicity concerns

Industrial and Commercial Applications

Beyond laboratory use, chloroform C2432 finds roles in industry:

- Pharmaceutical Manufacturing: As an intermediate in the synthesis of other chemicals
- Production of Refrigerants and Aerosols: Historically used in the synthesis of refrigerants (though now limited due to environmental concerns)
- Chemical Intermediate: In the production of chlorinated compounds

Regulatory and Safety Considerations in Application

Given its toxic nature, the application of chloroform is carefully regulated. Proper handling protocols are essential to mitigate health risks.

Safety Data and Handling Instructions

Hazards and Toxicity

Chloroform is classified as:

- Harmful if inhaled, ingested, or absorbed through skin
- Carcinogen (potential human carcinogen) based on animal studies
- Liver and kidney toxicant
- Central nervous system depressant

The product sheet emphasizes the importance of understanding these hazards:

- Chloroform vapors are heavier than air and can accumulate in low-lying areas
- Prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to serious health effects
- It is a suspected carcinogen and should be handled with caution

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Precautions

Proper PPE should always be used when handling chloroform:

- Lab coat and chemical-resistant gloves (e.g., neoprene or nitrile)
- Safety goggles or face shield
- Fume hood or well-ventilated area to prevent inhalation of vapors

Storage and Disposal

The product information sheet specifies:

- Storage Conditions: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of heat or ignition; keep container tightly closed
- Shelf Life: Typically stable for 2-3 years under recommended conditions
- Disposal Procedures: Consult local regulations; generally, chloroform should be disposed of as hazardous waste via licensed waste disposal services, avoiding release into the environment

Regulatory Compliance and Legal Aspects

Regulations Governing Use

Chloroform C2432 is subject to various regulations:

- OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration): Sets permissible exposure limits
- EPA (Environmental Protection Agency): Regulates disposal and emissions
- REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals): European Union regulation overseeing chemical safety
- International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): Classifies chloroform as Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans)

Labeling and Documentation

The product label and safety data sheet (SDS) provided by Sigma-Aldrich include:

- Precautionary statements
- First aid measures
- Storage instructions
- Transport information

Quality Assurance and Certification

Sigma-Aldrich emphasizes rigorous quality control measures for C2432:

- Purity Verification: Gas chromatography and other analytical techniques
- Certificate of Analysis (CoA): Provided with each batch
- Compliance: Meets or exceeds industry standards for research-grade chemicals

Conclusion

Chloroform C2432 from Sigma-Aldrich is a high-purity chemical reagent with extensive applications in research and industry. Its physical and chemical properties make it a versatile solvent and reagent, but its toxic and carcinogenic nature necessitates strict safety protocols. The detailed product information sheet ensures users are well-informed about handling, storage, safety, and regulatory compliance, enabling safe and effective use in various applications. Whether utilized in organic synthesis, extraction, or analytical procedures, understanding the comprehensive details provided by Sigma-Aldrich helps in optimizing its use while safeguarding health and safety.

Chloroform c2432 Product Information Sheet Sigma Aldrich: An In-Depth Overview

Chloroform c2432 product information sheet sigma aldrich serves as a comprehensive reference for scientists, researchers, and industry professionals involved in chemical synthesis, analytical chemistry, and laboratory applications. Sigma Aldrich, a leading supplier of chemicals and reagents, provides detailed specifications, safety data, and usage guidelines to ensure proper handling and application of this widely used solvent. This article explores the key aspects of the product information sheet, elucidating its contents and their relevance to scientific practice.

Introduction to Chloroform (Trichloromethane) and Sigma Aldrich's Product Line

Chloroform, also known as trichloromethane, is a colorless, volatile liquid with a distinct sweet odor. Historically used as an anesthetic, its applications have shifted primarily to laboratory and industrial settings, including solvent extraction, chromatography, and chemical synthesis. Sigma Aldrich's C2432 product is a high-purity grade of chloroform, formulated to meet rigorous quality standards for research and manufacturing.

The product information sheet (PIS) serves as an essential document that details the chemical's specifications, safety considerations, storage instructions, and regulatory compliance. It ensures users are equipped with accurate data to facilitate safe handling, effective use, and compliance with regulatory frameworks.

Composition and Physical Properties

Key Specifications

The PIS provides detailed chemical and physical parameters critical for laboratory work, including:

- Chemical Name: Trichloromethane
- CAS Number: 67-66-3
- Molecular Formula: CHCl_3
- Molecular Weight: 119.38 g/mol

- Purity Grade: Typically ? 99.8% (depending on batch)
- Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid
- Odor: Sweetish, ether-like
- Boiling Point: Approximately 61.2°C
- Melting Point: -63.5°C
- Density: 1.48 g/mL at 20°C
- Vapor Pressure: 200 mm Hg at 20°C

Significance of Physical Properties

Understanding these properties helps in designing experiments, particularly in:

- Handling and Storage: Knowledge of boiling point and vapor pressure informs evaporation and distillation processes.
- Safety Measures: Awareness of vapor pressure and odor helps in implementing proper ventilation.
- Purity and Quality Control: The high purity level ensures minimal contamination, critical for sensitive analytical procedures.

Purity, Quality Standards, and Certification

Sigma Aldrich's chloroform c2432 meets strict quality standards, often including:

- Analytical Purity: Confirmed via gas chromatography (GC), ensuring minimal impurities such as water, chlorinated by-products, and residual solvents.
- Impurity Profile: The product sheet details acceptable levels of impurities, which typically include small amounts of chlorinated hydrocarbons or residual solvents.
- Certifications: Certificates of Analysis (CoA) accompany each batch, verifying compliance with standards like USP, EP, or ASTM, depending on the intended application.

This high purity makes the reagent suitable for applications demanding precision, such as NMR spectroscopy, solvent extraction, and pharmaceutical synthesis.

Safety Data and Handling Precautions

Hazards and Risks

The PIS emphasizes that chloroform is hazardous, with key safety concerns including:

- Toxicity: Can be absorbed through skin, inhaled, or ingested, leading to central nervous system depression, liver damage, or carcinogenic effects.
- Carcinogenicity: Classified as a potential carcinogen by regulatory agencies, necessitating strict handling procedures.
- Flammability: Although not highly flammable, vapor may form explosive mixtures with air at certain concentrations.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Proper PPE is mandatory when handling chloroform:

- Gloves resistant to organic solvents (e.g., neoprene, nitrile)
- Safety goggles or face shield
- Lab coat and protective clothing
- Use of a fume hood to prevent inhalation of vapors

Storage and Disposal

- Storage Conditions: Keep in a tightly sealed container in a cool, well-ventilated area, away from heat, ignition sources, and incompatible materials.
- Disposal: Follow local regulations; typically, chloroform waste is collected in designated hazardous waste containers and disposed of via approved chemical waste management services.

Emergency Procedures

The product sheet outlines protocols for:

- Spill Response: Use absorbent materials and neutralize with appropriate agents; ventilate the area.
- Exposure: In case of inhalation, move to fresh air and seek medical attention. Skin contact requires washing with soap and water.
- Fire Fighting: Use foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide extinguishers; avoid water streams which may spread the fire.

Applications and Usage Guidelines

Common Laboratory Applications

Chloroform's solvent properties make it indispensable in various scientific contexts:

- Extraction and Purification: Used to separate compounds based on polarity differences.
- Chromatography: As a solvent in thin-layer or column chromatography.
- NMR Spectroscopy: Often used as a solvent for dissolving organic compounds, especially when deuterated chloroform (CDCl_3) is required.
- Chemical Synthesis: As a reagent or solvent in organic reactions, including halogenation and chlorination processes.

Handling and Usage Recommendations

- Dilution: Always dilute with water or other solvents in accordance with experimental protocols.
- Temperature Control: Avoid excessive heating to prevent vaporization and pressure buildup.
- Compatibility: Ensure compatibility of chloroform with other chemicals in the procedure to prevent hazardous reactions.

Regulatory Compliance and Environmental Considerations

The PIS underlines the importance of adhering to regulations such as OSHA, REACH, and RoHS. Chloroform's environmental impact necessitates:

- Controlled Emissions: Minimize vapors released into the environment.
- Waste Management: Proper disposal to prevent groundwater contamination.
- Labeling: Clear labeling of containers for safety and regulatory compliance.

Environmental Impact

Chloroform is known to contribute to ozone depletion and may pose risks to aquatic ecosystems. Therefore, responsible handling and disposal are critical components of laboratory practice.

Conclusion: Ensuring Safe and Effective Use

The chloroform c2432 product information sheet sigma aldrich is an indispensable resource that consolidates vital data necessary for the safe, effective, and compliant use of this chemical reagent. From detailed physical and purity specifications to safety guidelines and regulatory requirements, the document provides a comprehensive overview tailored to meet the needs of scientific professionals.

By understanding and adhering to the information provided in the product sheet, users can leverage chloroform's valuable properties while minimizing risks associated with its handling. As laboratories and industries continue to rely on such high-quality reagents, the importance of detailed product information sheets like Sigma Aldrich's cannot be overstated—they serve as the backbone of responsible chemical management and scientific advancement.

In summary, the meticulous details outlined in the product information sheet underpin best practices in laboratory safety, chemical integrity, and environmental stewardship, ensuring that chloroform remains a reliable tool within the scientific community.

Question What are the key safety precautions listed on the Chloroform C2432 product information sheet from Sigma-Aldrich? The safety precautions include handling with appropriate personal protective equipment, working in a well-ventilated area or fume hood, avoiding inhalation and skin contact, and proper disposal according to regulatory guidelines. What is the purity grade and typical specifications of Chloroform C2432 as per Sigma-Aldrich's product sheet? Chloroform C2432 is supplied with a high purity grade, typically exceeding 99.8%, with specifications including low residual impurities, moisture content, and specific boiling point consistent with analytical grade standards. Are there any storage recommendations provided for Chloroform C2432 in the Sigma-Aldrich product information sheet? Yes, it is recommended to store Chloroform in a tightly sealed, properly labeled container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of heat and incompatible substances like strong bases or oxidizers. What are the typical applications or uses of Chloroform C2432 as indicated in the Sigma-Aldrich product sheet? Chloroform C2432 is commonly used as an organic solvent in chemical synthesis, a reagent in laboratory analysis, and for extraction and purification processes in research laboratories. Does Sigma-Aldrich's product information sheet specify any environmental or disposal considerations for Chloroform C2432? Yes, the sheet emphasizes that Chloroform should be disposed of as hazardous waste in accordance with local regulations, and recommends minimizing environmental release and using appropriate waste management procedures to prevent contamination.

Related keywords: chloroform, C2432, Sigma Aldrich, chemical safety data, chemical properties, reagent, laboratory chemical, solvent, chemical datasheet, chemical supplier